anators to the chamber. The President to tem. Mr. Frye, directed that the objectionable words be read. Mr. Faulkner moved that Mr. Allen be allowed to proceed in order. On a viva voce vote there appeared to be a tie, but on second vote the affirmative vote, mainly from the Democratic side, prevailed.

Mr. Gear rose to say that he took n

exception to the language of Mr. Allen, although he regretted the altercation, feeling that it was "impossible to touch pitch without being defiled."

Mr. Allen rejoined that he was surprised at being able to defile a Senator who had seen so much of the world. He also sar-castically expressed thanks to Mr. Hoar for keeping a watchful eye on him to see that he did no wrong. He again spoke highly of General Weaver and again pro-tested against the laughter of the Senators. "Let me assure the Senator," said Mr. Chandler, "that we are not laughing at what he says, but the way he says it."

This closed the incident, and Mr. Hoar spoke briefly in support of the bond resolution. He said the bond transactions were properly subject to investigation. No cor-ruption or iniquity was charged against government officials.

Mr. Peffer interrupted to state that no dishonorable motive was imputed to the President nor the Secretary of the Treas-ury, but he believed the bond transactions had fraud all over them in New York city Hoar went on to review the severa issues, stating the various points of ularity which he believed to exist. He cularly objected to the use of bonds

o raise money to be used to meet current Bills were passed authorizing the Aransas Harbor Terminal Railroad Company to conchannel, known as the Morris and Cummings ship channel, in Aransas county Texas, and amending the Cary act in ref-erence to arid lands. And then, at 5:40 p. m., the Senate adjourned until Monday.

WAR CLAIMS AND POLITICS.

Two Subjects That Occupied the At

tention of the House. WASHINGTON, April 17 .- The net result of five hours' work on the private calendar in the House to-day was the passage of four bills, one to pension the widow of rejection of a bill to retire a hospital steward as a second Heutenant of cavalry, and the passage of a war claim of less than \$600. The latter was the first war claim brought before the House for consideration, and naturally provoked a general debate on the policy of paying war claims. It drew from Mr. Mahon, chairman of the war claims committee, Mr. Walker, Mr. McCall and Mr. Evans eloquent pleas for the payment of the findings of the Court of Claims. Mr. Mahon argued that these claims should be paid or the court abolished. Barring the cotton claims, he asserted that \$20,000,000 would pay them,

while Mr. Ray thought \$600,000,000 would no Politics, of course, was injected into the debate before it was finished, and there was a lively set-to between Mr. Dockery and Mr. Grosvenor. Mr. Dockery eulogized Speaker Crisp and Mr. Sayers, the chairman of the priations committee in the last Con-and paid a high tribute to Speaker "I want to say here in his presence," he, "that I honor the present Speaker has B. Reed. (Applause.) He has stood

ike a lion in the path of members on both sides of the political aisle who have been pressing bills carrying large sums."

Mr. Grosvenor ridiculed ar. Dockery for "attempting to vindicate the history and career of the Democratic party." He said the real question at issue now was not the honesty of these claims, but the ability of the government to pay them at this time.

"You are," said he, addressing the Democratic side, "paralyzed by your own utter inefficiency. The great feature of the administration of Grover Cleveland—the only feature that will save him from future contumely—is that when the bill to repeal the great revenue-producing, industry-propagating tariff law was presented to him he said, 'My name shall never disgrace its pages.' You," Mr. Grosvenor continued, "are attempting to place in contrast an administration that paid \$250,000,000 of the public debt with that one that borrowed \$260,000,000 and now trembles each day lest the telegraph brings the news that the gold so borrowed is drifting across the water." (Applause.)
At 5 o'clock the House took a recess until

o'clock, the evening session to be devoted to private pension bills. ne question of granting to officers' widows er pensions than private soldiers was dis-sed to-night for two hours in connection with a bill to pension the widow of Brigadi General Ferdinand Vandervere, of Ohio, a the rate of \$75 per month. The bill was final ly favorably acted upon, with an amendmen making the rate \$50 per month.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

Testimony of One of President Cleveland's Commissioners.

WASHINGTON, April 17.-The Nicaragua canal commission, which visited the isthmus last summer, presented some features of its side of the canal question before the House committee on interstate and foreign commerce to-day. Engineer Mordecai T. Endicott, U. S. N., a member of the commission, was the witness. He resented the statements by Hon. Warner Miller and En gineer Menocal, of the canal company, that the investigations by the commission had been of a cursory nature. The board was in Nicaragua forty-two days and spent thirty-four days in actual field work. Except in a few important details the plan of engineer Menocal seemed to Mr. Endicott feasible. While the company's plan contemplated a canal twenty-eight feet deep, the commission was convinced that at certain seasons the

water would fall to twenty-four feet unless the dams were built to a greater height.

Mr. Endicott was asked if he thought the canal would be a danger to the United States in case of war. He replied that in the event of war with a nation like Great Britain the canal, but might solve the problem by blowndicott estimated at half a million. Its arbor works at Greytown were in bad contion, and not much of value remains. Porons of the work would have to be removed. The company's five dredges were sunk in the harbor and were obsolete. His estimates value of the company's property when od condition was \$1,250,000. He did not eve the canal could be built for \$65,000,000 the company's estimate) even concedi Mr. Menocal's plans to be feasible.

The question being asked whether, if the covernment were willing to pay \$123,000,000 or the canal, it would be advisable to begin work at once, the engineer replied that the government should make more satisfactory arveys and estimates before going forward. was most important that sufficient hydraulic data be secured and it was also pos-sible that further investigation would in-crease the estimates of cost. Mr. Noble, of Chicago, the civilian mem-

ber of the commission, explained how the commission had made up its estimates of the cost of the work by consultation with contractors in the United States accus-tomed to handle work of the same char-acter. About \$22,000,000 of the additional ission was due to the enlargement of the canal, which the company thought of the canal, which the company thought necessary. Mr. Noble thought the climate of Nicaragua more healthful than that of the Mississippi bottoms. In reply to a question from Chairman Hepburn, Mr. Noble said there had been no conversation with Nicarauguan officials regarding their willingness to have the United States government assume control of the work. With the medifications proposed by the hoard he cations proposed by the board, he had no question that the canal would be a

THE HANCOCK STATUE.

Dedication Exercises to Be Held Washington Next Month.

WASHINGTON, April 17 .- Col. J. M. Wil-

on, corps of engineers, who has the matter in charge as the personal representative of Secretary Lamont, is making arrangements for the public dedication of the equestrian statue of General Hannick in this city about the middle of next month. The statue is entirely completed, and was placed in position on its granite pedestal in the reservation at the intersection of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street yesterday. The statue is enveloped in a canvas covering that will not be permanently removed veiling. It will be temporarily removed in a few days, however, just long enough to permit an inspection of the statue by the national commission charged with its erection. This body consists of Secretary Lanational commission charged with its erec-tion. This body consists of Secretary La-mont and Senators Mills, of Texas, and Cockrell, of Missouri. Their inspection is for the purpose of seeing that the sculptor, Mr. Ellicott, has executed his work in strict accordance with his contract with the gov-. This action is preliminary to the acceptance of the statue and the nent of the balance due on it. Colonel Wilson says that the arrangements for the ledication have not yet been fully completed, although it had been practically decided that the ceremony should take place between the 10th and 15th of May. It is settled that the dedication will be made

monstration, in which all the available federal troops at Washington Barracks and at Fort Meyer, the National Guard of the District, all the local posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Union Veteran Legion and the Second Army Corps will participate.

CLEVELAND TO VETERANS. The President Praises a Small Body of

"First Defenders." WASHINGTON, April 17 .- By special arrangement President Cleveland received the visiting "First Defenders," from Pennsylvania, to-day. The reception took place in the East Room and was confined to the veterans who had responded so promptly to the first call for troops for the defense of the Capitol. Judge F. P. Dewees, of the Wash-Ington bar, representing the local citizens committee of reception, made a short address to the President in behalf of the old soldiers. He said that the 130 men who were with him constituted nearly all the survivors of that noble band of 530 soldiers who were first to respond to the President's call for troops at the very outbreak of the war. President Cleveland said he was very glad of the opportunity to welcome veterans with a record so worthy as theirs and felicitate them on being able to leave the memory of such a record to posterity. There were duties in time of peace as well as in time of war, and the country could confidently expect men with a record such as theirs had been would do their duty equally well in time of peace. In closing he said he would be pleased to take each of them by the hand. The Defenders were then individually introduced to the President and each received a cordial greeting.

Congress of Religious Education. WASHINGTON, April 17 .- The first national congress of religious education, under the auspices of the American society devoted to that cause, will be held in this city beginning Monday evening next and continuing until Thursday afternoon. Associated with the officers of the secretary in the call for the congress is a committee representing seven of the leading denomina-tions, including, besides prominent pastors, Justice Brown, of the Supreme Court: Hon. Hillary A. Herbert, Secretary of the Navy, and J. L. M. Curry, ex-minister to Spain. There will be ten sessions of the congress, at which Gen. John Eaton, ex-United States Commissioner of Education, and Dr. J. M. Gregory, ex-president of the Illinois State Industrial University, will preside. The list of speakers includes the names of sixty wellknown educators and men in public life.

No Reciprocity Legislation. WASHINGTON, April 17 .- No action toward a revival of the reciprocity scheme will be taken by this House, according to a decision made to-day by the Republican members of the ways and means committee, who held a caucus to-day and discussed the whole question. They agreed to report to the House the testimony on the reciprocity policy taken by the committee during the past few weeks, but not to recommend any legislation on the matter by this Congress. The reciprocity scheme includes so many problems interwoven with the tariff that the Republicans think it inadvisable to take it up until a general tariff revision is begun.

Mr. Johnson Will Go to the Coast. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 17.-Representative Johnson is still confined to his room. His physician has ordered him to leave Washington as soon as he is able to travel and to spend a few weeks at Atlantic City for rest and recreation. His bill to remove the charge of desertion from the record of Wear Crawford has been favorably reported by the committee on miltary affairs.

Chapman's Appeal Granted. WASHINGTON, April 17.-The District Court of Appeals to-day allowed the writ of error to the United States Supreme Court asked for by counsel for Elverton R. Chapman, the New York stock broker convicted for having refused to answer questions prorating committee. The case probably will be neard by the Supreme Court next term, as a motion to advance it on the docket will be

General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, April 17.-Mr. J. F. Mc-Clure, of Anderson, is in the city and was at the Capitol to-day. He was introduced to the various secretaries of departments with whom he had business by Representative

Among the arrivals to-day are A. T. Hert, of Jeffersonville; Ernest Bicknell, of Indianapolis, and Charles Harley, of Michigan City. The receipts from internal revenue for the month of March aggregated \$11,297,704, an increase of \$1,835,047 over last year. For the nine months of the fiscal year the aggregate receipts have been \$110,179,075, as compared with \$109,175,157 for the same period of last year.

BOSTON CARPENTERS.

They Are Willing to Work Eight Hours for \$2 a Day.

BOSTON, April 17.-The story that a

widespread strike is to begin here and elsewhere on May 1 to bring about the adoption of the eight-hour day, which has been sent to Western papers from this city, is denied by labor leaders here. The exact situation is explained as follows: At the convention of the American Federation of Labor, last December, the question of the eight-hour working day was discussed at length, and it was finally decided that the National erhood of Carpenters and Joiners America should assume the leadership in the struggle on May 1, 1896. With this end Its have been steadily strengthening their organization, and are desirous of obtaining an eight-hour day, with \$2 for a day's pay. President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, and P. J. McGuire, secretary of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, will be here to confer with W. H. Sayward, general secretary of the National Master eral secretary of the National Master Builders' Association, and a committee from the master builders association on the question next Monday. The carpenters are confident that their demand will be granted on the ground that Secretary Sayward has publicly announced that he is in favor of the movement, and it is also

claimed that in expressing their willingness to take \$2 for a day's pay the carpenters are making a winning concession, as hundreds of carpenters are to-day receiving from \$2.25 to \$2.75 a day. ABUSES IN THE STEERAGE.

Need for Protection of Passengers or Atlantic Steamers.

P. O'Neill Larkin, in Donahoe's Magazine. On the Thursday night before we reached Boston a group of our passengers were sitting down listening to a young woman singing some pathetic ballads with a voice of singing some pathetic ballads with a voice of beautiful tone, carefully cultivated in a con-vent school in the south of Ireland. A sallor who stood by volunteered to give us a song, saying by way of preface that he hoped the ladies would not blush. He sang a song which for filthy, brutal obscenity went beyond the lowest I could even imagine. At the end of the first verse one of the girls jumped to her feet, indignantly exclaiming: "Come down stairs, girls, from that insulting blackguard." The rascal finished his song. I watched the people around; the wome with their hands hiding faces crimsoned wit lignant at the scamp's wanton insult. This thing never occurs on the French steamers between New York and Havre, because on these the members of the crew not on duty are obliged to confine themselves to their own quarters. Such a rule should be observed on the British ships. The United States law already protects steerage pas-sengers while in their sleeping compartments from the intrusion of the crew. It should be extended to protect them on the main deck

To safeguard the incoming passengers against insult Congressman McCall, of Massachusetts, will introduce an amendmassachusetts, will introduce an amend-ment to the existing law in the present ses-sion of Congress, which, if carried, will ef-fectually put a stop to the shameful state which has prevailed, and make the main deck or any other place on board as safe for females as in the saioon. Readers of that the passenger act of 1882 be amended to cover the situation here referred to, and getting as many citizens as possible to sign it and then these petitions may be forwarded to Hon. Samuel W. McCall, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., or to the Congressman from the district of the

If before the 1st of next May we may have in the Revised Statutes of the United outrage, this steerage experience and its parration will not have proved to be use-

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELWOOD, Ind., April 17 .- Absolutely no trace can be found of Charles F. Lispenard, the missing Forester, who has not been heard from since Nov. 24, when he left Cairo, Ill., in a skiff on the track of the murderer of young Latta, of Vincennes. ry, of this city, aged twelve, son of Mat-The search still continues, and sensational rumors are in circulation. A prominent | Wooley Foundry and Machine Company of Forester of this city to-day received a let- | Anderson, is a fugitive from home, and his ter from Lispenard's wife, who is now at | mother is well nigh distracted. His father Logansport, and it is alleged that she made | refused him permission to go with an adhusband's disappearance. She is understood to have said that she believed a certain man well known in this city had murdered him, but as the authorities are keeping quiet and the letter was not given to the public this cannot be verified, as those and then disappeared, and has not been who have information are wearing padlocks heard of since. Mr. Perry has kept the on their lips so far as the Lispenard matter is concerned. Mrs. Lispenard says that ter is concerned. Mrs. Lispenard says that or with relatives in Indianapolis. To-night their home life was happy, and that her husband did not desert his family, as has been suggested. Few who knew the man believe that this is the case, and insist that if he had not been killed he would have returned or written before this. The general belief is that the man who followed him in a skift from Cairo killed him in some deserted spot along the Mississippi. The investigation will continue, and there is a bare possibility that the Foresters are in possession of more information than has leaked out, and that some decisive step will be taken soon in the way of clearing up the mystery.

FREE SILVER BOOMERS. Anderson Democrats Alarmed at the Feeling There.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., April 17.-The Democratic party of Madison county is in great danger of disruption on account of the sentiment that is developing in favor of free silver. Last night a strong free silver club was organized in this city, and all the prominent leaders were Democrats and have been prominent in the councils of the party in this county. The club organization will be permanent, and headquarters will be secured. Notice was given that there will be a grand meeting of all the supporters of the white metal in this city Saturday night, when C. A. Powers, of Terre Haute, will address the meeting. It is the intention of making a thorough canvass of the county, and clubs will be organized in all the townships.

Holman After the Nomination. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLUMBUS, Ind., April 17.-The friends of Hon. W. S. Holman have been heard from. They enter an indignant denial to the report that the great objector has withdrawn from public life or from the race for the Democratic congressional nomination since the death of his wife. He will be at the North Vernon convention and will ask that he be nominated as the opponent of Mr. Sulzer. It has been the one ambition of Mr. Holman's life for some years past to excel the record for long service in Congress. At present he is just even with some other members who served for fifteen terms, and he is anxious to be the first to serve the sixteenth. He is in robust health, and if nominated and elected would easily stand the wear of another term. Hon. Anderson Piercefield's candidacy is looked on with favor by the free silver men, but they will hardly be strong enough to pull him through.

Griffiths's Strength in Richmond.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal: RICHMOND, Ind., April 17 .- When the Wayne county delegation to the New Castle convention was returning home last evening it was polled on the question of Governor, with the following result: John L. Griffiths, 28; Maj. Charles T. Doxey, 7; Theodore Shockney, 2; James A. Mount, 1. Mr. Griffiths was on the train at the time, and when the result of the poll was made known to him he seemed well pleased at the unexpected indorsement.

Will Carry All Three Wards.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RUSHVILLE, Ind., April 17.-The Repub lican nominations for Councilmen are: First ward, Theodore H. Reed; Second ward George T. Aultman; Third ward, Edward Young. A Republican victory is expected in the three wards. The Democratic nominees are: John P. Huffman, Philip Heeb and Louis J. Walter.

Muncie Nominations.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Ap 7.-At to-day's Republican primaries the following councilmen were nominated: O. W. Crabbs, Chas. H. Anthony, T. H. Kirby, R. D. Berger, Will Meeker, Frank Clevenger and Dr. C. O.

INDIANA OBITUARY.

Dr. George W. Bruce, an Old Army Surgeon, Falls Dead.

WINCHESTER, Ind., April 17 .- Dr. George W. Bruce dropped dead at his barn this afternoon. For many years he was a prominent citizen here. He was born in 1822, in Eaton, O., and removed to Huntington, Ind., in 1852 and began the practice of medicine Two years later he came to this city, which has ever since been his home. During the civil war he was assistant surgeon in the Eighth Regiment and the First Indiana Cavalry. He was twice married, his second wife and one daughter, Mrs. Alta Williams, of Colorado, surviving him. John Bruce, of Wichita, Kan., and two sisters at Eaton, O., are the other near relatives that survive him. He owned extensive zinc mines near Joplin,

Chaplain of 153d.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., April 17.-Rev. Smith Goodwin, aged seventy-seven, died suddenly to-day at his home. For years he was a minister in the First Baptist Church. He was a grocer by occupation. During the war he was chap-lain in the One-hundred-and-fifty-third Indi-ana Volunteers. He was a Mason. His wife tha Hess, Montpelier; Mrs. Mary Whipps, Octavia, Neb.; Mrs. E. Winger, Lincoln, Neb., and Miss Emma Goodwin, Muncie.

Other Deaths in the State. RICHMOND, Ind., April 17.—Isaac Kinsey, of near Milton, this county, died at his home this morning. He was one of the best known of Wayne county farmers, and was quite wealthy. He was born in Penn-sylvania in 1821, and came to this city early John Huffman, aged seventy-two, died

yesterday at his home in this city. Sabra Addington died at her hor Chester last night, aged seventy. ELWOOD, Ind., April 17.—Uncle John Heflin, one of the oldest settlers of this part of Indiana, died at his home near Curtisville, a few miles north of here, yesterday. He was past eighty-eight years old, and was always a prominent figure at all the old settlers' meetings in the county. The funeral occurred to-day, followed by interment in the cemetery at New Lan-

WABASH, Ind., April 17.-Nathan Herff, an old citizen, died here this evening of grip and heart trouble. Mr. Herff was eighty-one years old and quite wealthy. He had been a resident of Wabash for about forty years. WORTHINGTON, Ind., April 17.—Rice Elgan, of Smith township, eighty-six years old, and a prominent citizen, died suddenly

this morning while sitting at the breakfast table. He leaves a large circle of friends. GLASS TRUST HAS A CINCH. Has Fixed All Differences with the

Obstreperous Jobbers. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., April 17 .- Thomas T. Hart, manager of the Western Window Glass Manufacturers' Association, to-day returned from the Indianapolis and Chicago meetings, at the latter city having met the jobbers' association. In reference to the item in the Journal from Elwood to the effect

manufacturers, he said: "There is no truth in it. Foreign manu-

LISPENARD MYSTERY

this country. They might furnish enough for the trade in the Eastern States, but that is all. Belgium, outside of the United States, makes by far most of the glass, and Belgium could not supply America. There is no truth in the statement that associations are giving the jobbers the worst of it in prices. There was one point which we arranged. We wanted the trade on two-thousand-box lots, which the fobbers had, and we got it. Of course the jobbers objected, but we showed them some consideration by giving them a reduction of 2½ per cent. The associations have not and do not intend to disturb prices. All friction with the jobbers was settled with their executive committee yesterday and we expect to get along all yesterday and we expect to get along all right now."

YOUNG PERRY BOLTS. Ran Away Rather than Meet an An-

gry Father. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., April 16.-Calvin Perthew Perry, one of the proprietors of the some startling statements in regard to her | vanced class in school to the woods to hunt wild flowers, and in the evening when Mrs. Perry drove to the ward building for her son she was informed that he had bolted. She located him in company with other school children along the river, and in tak-Mr. Perry sent instructions to the police officers throughout the State to arrest him. Mrs. Perry has not slept since the boy left

Verdict for \$1,000 Against Henry.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Ind., April 17 .- The case of Mary E. Maberly against James Henry, of Indianapolis, venued here from Owen county, was given to the jury last evening. The jury remained out until 10 o'clock this morning, when it returned a special ver-dict, which was answered in almost every particular in favor of the plaintiff, and assessing damages for \$1,000. This, including the costs, will amount to several thousand dollars, as the case has been in litigation for the past six years. Henry's attorneys were not present when the verdict was rendered, and it is not known what action will be taken by the defendant.

Tried to Kidnap an Orphan. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., April 17.-A stranger to-day attempted to kidnap a little girl belonging to the Orphans' Home. The children of the home were on their way to school, when the man stepped forward and attempted to remove Effic Keith from the ranks. The child resisted, and the fellow went to Jessie Anderson, a smaller child, picked her up and kissed and caressed her. The fellow started to walk off with the little girl, but was prevented by Ethel Pat-terson, a larger girl, who jerked the child from him and ran screaming towards the home. There is a mystery about the af-fair that is unexplained.

\$200,000 in Securities Discovered. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 17 .- Judge Taylor to-day enjoined the county auditor from placing on the tax duplicate about \$200,000 in securities belonging to the estate of the late William Berriman, which were discovered by "tax-ferret" Liehr, who has a contract with the county and city to find sequestered taxables. The securities were mostly executed at Peoria, Ill. The court held that the notes were in the hands of Illinois agents and the property should be

Bold Pair of Burglars. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 17.-Wright L. Kidder, a wealthy flour miller, was awakened early this morning by hearing a burglar telling his wife not to make an outcry. Then a pistol was held at his head while one burglar gathered together \$30 in money and a gold watch. The burglars escaped, and to-day the police arrested on suspicion William Boyd, a noted crook, who has served three terms in Joliet.

Bituminous Men to Confer.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 17 .- A meeting of the bituminous coal operators of the State, which practically represented the entire bituminous field of the State, was held here this afternoon. A committee consist-ing of the following was appointed to meet with the miners on April 21 to consider the mining scale: J. S. Talley, Charles Ehrman, John K. Seifert, Mr. Buchanan, S. M. Dug-ger, A. M. Ogle and Mr. Hancock.

A Rushville Man's Plight. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., April 17.-Last night a man in his underclothes drove into the city from the direction of Rushville. He stated that his name was Frank Lowe, of Rushville, and that after a row with his wife he had stepped outside and the wife had locked him out. He hitched up and drove to this city. He was given a suit of clothes and returned to Rushville this morning.

Child Struck by an Engine. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., April 17 .- Goldie Howell,

three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Howell, was struck by the engine drawing the Wabash passenger train this afternoon while she was playing on the track. Her head was crushed and she can-

Indiana Notes.

Dr. Mary Wood Allen, of Ann Arbor, Mich., national superintendent of purity de-partment of the W. C. T. U., delivered a lecture at the M. E. Church in Worthington

George W. Griffith, an employe of the American Tin-plate Company at Elwood, was struck in the chest by a falling crane yesterday and perhaps fatally injured. He remained unconscious for some time. John W. Collins, a Richmond hardware dealer, has filed mortgages to protect local creditors. His assets are \$10,000. The Second National Bank has a claim for \$4,500 and there are outside claims amounting to

BULUWAYO IN PERIL.

\$1,500 that are unprotected.

(Concluded from First Page.) natives in the town are becoming as thick as bees. In ordinary times the natives come and go in town without attracting attention. The native population is at all times a shifting one and a large number of the men that make it up are not known in-dividually to the white people of the town or to the authorities. The fact that the natives in the town live apart from the whites adds to the difficulty of identifying those who belong in the town. But there is little more confidence felt in the natives who belong in the town than in the hostile men who, it is believed, are being surreptitiously in-

The roads by which communication is had with the south, both the one to Tuli and the one to Mafeking, are felt to be in peril. There are undoubtedly large numbers of hostile natives between Buluwayo and the settlements to the south, some of them in open revolt. The situation is felt to be most serious and threatening.

troduced to aid from within when an at-

tack shall be made from without. It looks

now as though that might occur at any

WARRING WITH DERVISHES. The Egyptians, Tripolitans and Tunis-

ians All in Trouble.

LONDON, April 17 .- A dispatch from Suakin says: "An Egyptian force of 1,100 men was attacked by the Dervishes on Wednesday last, April 15; sixty of the latter were killed and many more wounded. The Egyptian loss was five wounded, twelve killed and four missing. The 'friendlies' have evacuated the hills and the Egyptian troops will return here. In a second en-counter which has taken place between a force of Dervishes and a detachment of

Egyptian cavalry thirty Dervishes and eighteen Egyptians were killed."

Despite the official denials which have been issued, the Daily News repeats its assertion that 10,000 British troops are going to the Soudan in the autumn. "These will include," says the Daily News, "three battalions of the household troops, who have received private orders to be ready by the end of

Advices received at Tripoli from Tebu say that from three to four thousand Dervishes, armed with the Martini-Henry rifles, are ad-vancing against Rabah, Sultan of Bornu, who has been oppressing the Mohammedans. Severe fighting has occurred between the Tunisians and the Tripolitans. Great excitement prevails on the frontier and the tribesmen in all directions are arming.

Protest Against a Mussulman. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17 .- The forall others fail. A trial will convince you of its merit. For sale everywhere. Price \$1.00 THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Early in the fall I was taken with severe pains running up and down my sides close to the backbone, and quite often through the day a terrible pain across the small of my back, being so severe it would compel me to sit right down where I was standing. It ran on this way about a week, and became simply unbearable. I had read of your Liver and Kidney Balm in the Almanac, so I thought I would try it. After using two bottles my trouble left me and has never returned.

Yours truly,

F. E. BRYANT.

above, telling how sufferers have been cured of Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, Female

DR. J. H. McLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM

Is known the world over as "THE PEERLESS REMEDY" because IT CURES where

Troubles, and the numerous diseases the Liver, Kidneys and Bladder are subject to.

We have thousands of testimonials from all over the United States, similar to the

ONE OF MANY THOUSANDS

appointment of a Mussulman as Governor of The Union Trust Co. Zeltoun, this being contrary to the agree-ment between the Porte and the powers, as a result of which the surrender of the insurgents of Zeitoun was brought about. The Turkish government has promised instruct the Valis of Bitlis and Harpool permit the distribution of relief to the Ar-menians in accordance with the arrangerectly to the company. ments previously concluded between the Porte and the United States charge d'af-faires, Mr. John W. Riddle, and the Brit-ish embassador, Sir Philip Currie.

The Salvation Army Quarrel. LONDON, April 17.-General Booth has cabled to the Salvation Army headquarters at New York instructing the officials in charge there to publish the letters in their possession in regard to the charges made by Ballington Booth against the General and are kept separate and apart from the assets of the company. his administration.

THE DR. J. H. MCLEAN MED. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

NEW YORK, April 17 .- At Salvation Army headquarters in this city Colone Eadle said to-day that no statement would be given to the newspapers until Commander Booth-Tucker returned from the West on

per bottle.

Cable Notes. A dispatch from Odessa says: "A ministerial rescript gives Captain Wiggins, the Arctic explorer, for an indefinite period the exclusive right to import foreign merchandise duty free into Siberia via the Karaza and the Yenisei."

At Thursday's reception to the foreign athletes who competed in the Olympic games at Athens the Americans presented to the Crown Prince Constantine a memorial crown. They expressed the hope that Athens

WHY PEOPLE GO MAD. Wars and Rumors of Wars Affect Many-Other Causes.

"To enumerate one-tenth of the queer de-usions under which people suffer," said a pular physician to a Pearson's Weekly representative, who was seeking some information on the subject, "would take a much longer time than either you or I have to spare. However, I can te'l you of one or two strange delusions which occur to me. In time of hysterical excitement, especially like the present when the continental outlook is not as agreeable as it might be, the number of deluded persons is very materially increased. A war scare creates no end of harmless lunatics—perhaps it would be better to say that it brings their idiosyncrasies out—who personate mighty warriors and profess to be eager to lead the troops, despite the fact that a pop-gun is about the most terrible instrument they have ever handled.

"At the present moment there are sev-eral people going about who imagine themselves to be the German Emperor, while if England had a war with Russia there would certainly be a few czars walking up Regent street. The reason of this is that weak-minded persons are very apt to imagine themselves to be anybody who is attracting attention at the moment. Thus during the Tichbourne trial there were sev-eral Tichbournes in the world. Even during the progress of a big murder trial some shaky individuals appropriate the name of the prisoner and apply it to themselves in a misdirected outburst of self-glorification. "An exceedingly common delusion among women is to consider that men are in love with them when they are not. I have

known one woman to write periodically to a man and decline an imaginary offer of marriage. The man in question has never even seen the woman in his life, yet he receives the letters regularly. A certain member of Parliament was the victim of similar embarrassing attentions not very

"Clergymen are much pestered by love-let-ter writing ladies-members of their congregations, but personally unknown to the in-cumbent—who believe that everybody must of necessity be in love with them. I know one woman who fancies that every man she meets is in love with her. Several well-known peoimagine that voices have told them that certain people are madly in love with them. "There are many persons who live perfectly miserable existences because they are beset by the conviction that something dreadful is pending. They get very low and depressed. and nothing will turn them. This morbid imagination is a most terrible thing, as it lasts for years. Fancy going about for years in fear that something appalling was going to happen at any moment.
"A man of my acquaintance had such

horror of dogs that he would never pass one on the street, and if by any chance one brushed up against him he would immediately return home and change his clothes, cles was amazing. He would never speak to the owner of a dog, nor when in a hotel would he allow a servant who had ren-dered a service to a man who owned a dog come near him nor touch any of his

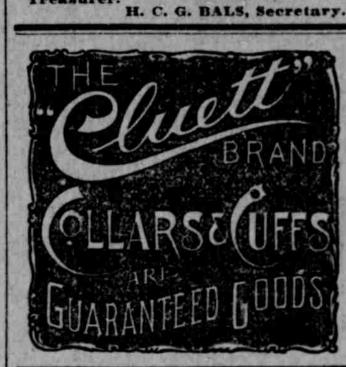
"Mention of the word 'ugly' affects some people very peculiarly. A clergyman once tried to kill himself because he heard some-body 'utter a remark derogatory to his personal appearance."

farms on reasonable terms. Borrowers will save money by applying di-The company will allow interest on deposits of money, which may be made at any time, and withdrawn after notice or at a fixed date, and will be entitled to interest for the whole time they remain with the company. Executors, administrators or trustees of estates will find this company a convenient depository for money. It does not receive deposits payable on demand, nor does it do a banking business. Trust funds and trust investments

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TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A storm which swept the western part of Vernon county, Wisconsin, yesterday caused a loss of \$20,000. Flowing artesian water was obtained in Cairo, Ill., yesterday at a depth of 507 feet, after passing through 135 feet of rock. The village of the Indians on the Bad river reservation, in Wisconsin, was flooded yesterday by overflowing streams. No lives were lost, but a great deal of valuable prop-

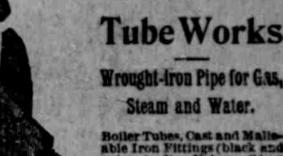
erty was destroyed. The Canadian Marine Department has been advised that the barque Eisle, stranded near Salt Lake, Anticosti, was burned to the water's edge. W. Carbry, government tele-graph line repairer, who was aboard, was burned to death.

The Canadian general elections will take lace the third week in June. It is probable that the 11th of June will be nomination day and the 18th polling day. Parliament will again meet in July, most likely on the 23d of that month.

Bank President Convicted. NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 17.—The jury in the case of M. A. Spurr, charged in the United States Circuit Court with falsely certifying checks on the Commercial Na-tional Bank of this city, of which he was president, to-day returned a verdict of guilty as charged on three of the four counts in the indictment and recommended

him to the mercy of the court. In the ab-sence of Judge Severens, the presiding judge, the verdict was received by Judge Clarke, of Chattanooga. A motion for ar-rest of judgment and for a new trial was entered and will be heard by Judge Severens at Cincinnati in May.

MOUNT HAMILTON, Cal., April 17.— Swift's comet was observed at Lick Ob-servatory last evening. Its position, as observed by Prof. Hussey, was right ascension three hours, thirty-eight minute and 20.6 seconds, declination eighteen degrees, nineteen minutes thirty-two seconds mean time. The comet is moving north ward at the rate of two and one-half de frees per day and very slowly westward. It is about as bright as a seventh magnitude star and has a decided condensation in its head and a short tall.



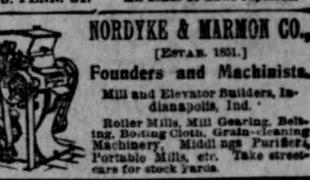
COIN, IA., March 13, 1896.

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